

UNMYTHED

chris wind

Magenta

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* Satellites Out of Orbit contains the four books listed above it as well as this book.

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- "Daedalus" CCPNW Quarterly Spring/Summer 1992, vol.7 no.1
- "Daphne" The New Quarterly Fall 1988, vol.VIII no.3
- "Circe" The New Quarterly Fall 1988, vol.VIII no.3
- "Galatea" The Wascana Review Spring 1988, vol.23 no.1
- "Penelope" The Wascana Review Spring 1988, vol.23 no.1
- "Siren" The Wascana Review Spring 1988, vol.23 no.1
- "Prometheus" Visions of Poesy (ed. Dennis Gould) 1988
- "Iphegenia II" Visions of Poesy (ed. Dennis Gould) 1988
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Gaia

for centuries
I scraped the Sistine Chapel
where God reaches out,
touches,
transfers,
and Adam is born.

flake by flake, layer by layer, (one has to be careful to leave the original intact) the work was slow, tedious,

painful.

but eventually through ages of oil and acrylic I uncovered the truth:

a tiny head crowning between warm soft thighs.

•

Gaia is the Greek goddess, Mother Earth, believed to be the Creator.

Narcissus

she unwraps the traditional gifts:
first, the brush-comb-and-mirror set,
pale pink marbling
with gilded edges—
they lie heavy in her hand;
then the jewelry box,
gold and cream
lined with velvet—
it plays "Fascination"

the new thirteen-year-old hands them back to her mother and says "Narcissus was a man."

•

Narcissus was a man who fell in love with his own appearance—he spent all of his time gazing at his reflection in a pool of water.

Pandora

everyone thinks yours is just another Eve story
the first woman
punished for desiring knowledge
and for disobedience
but people forget you were created by the gods
as a gift of revenge for men,
all beauty and mischief—
no, not 'and'
but 'therefore':

it's boring to be bait:
after a minimal amount of effort and imagination
to maximize god-given qualities
(the male sexual response being far from complex,
this was far from challenging)
what is there?
it's not easy to be satisfied with attracting men
as a raison d'être—

so that's why.

•

As a punishment for the possession of fire, Zeus ordered that a beautiful woman be made and given to mankind—she was named Pandora, 'the gift of all'. Each of the gods had given her some quality that would prove ruinous to man. In one version, these 'gifts' were her incredible beauty, her goodness, and her youthful, shy, demeanour, which alone destroyed man for their power to distract and delight. In another version, the gods put the 'gifts' in a box and forbid her to open it.

Daphne

—had to keep running—he was right behind me—I tore through the forest, bounding over rocks and roots, his breathing pounded heavy in my ears, but I was strong and fast, I imagined him—pressing himself onto me—forcing himself into me—anger surged through my muscles, stronger, faster, one more uphill, I caught sight of the river, felt his step still one stride behind, I knew I'd made it—

suddenly her legs felt numb wooden her knees locked she staggered on her arms stiffened confused clumsy she stumbled tripped

he grabbed at her tunic and a leaf came away in his hands.

who? whose ego did this?
Zeus? was it too much for a half-mortal
to escape from a god? no, then
Peneus? it was bad enough not having a son,
was it too much to bear
your only daughter choosing celibacy
denying you a chance for, at least, a grandson?

or Apollo, symbol of youthful manhood, was it too much to handle my not wanting you? or is defeat to a woman too much for your image?

he thrust both hands toward her and grabbed a handful of leaves delighted, he laughed, and plucked from her, leaf by leaf —while she stood rooted bound unable to move—until she was naked.

lazily he wove them into a wreath and set it upon his head; it caught on and soon all the men of achievement sported a laurel wreath: her humiliation was their honour

•

Daphne was an independent woods-lover who was not at all interested in men—mortal or otherwise. This distressed her father, Peneus the river god, who very much wanted a grandson. One day Apollo saw her, wanted her, and pursued her through the forest. Just before she reached her father's river and safety, she was turned into a laurel tree. Apollo declared then 'at least you shall be my tree—with your leaves my victors shall wreathe their brows'.

Daedalus

```
I thought you would've learned—
all of you at Los Alamos,
and the rest of you
all over the world.
why was my story saved?
why is it told and retold
if not for that?
do you see in it
just a lesson in ingenuity?
were you as blind to the deaths
of those 14 Athenians
year after year
as you were to the 140,000 Japanese
    years
after year-
of course I tried to destroy it
but I couldn't get close enough!
they had taken away my security clearance
and it was too well-guarded!
then I tried to amend
(to amend— how could i?)
I saved Theseus and the others
one year
   (one year!)
DOES IT MEAN NOTHING TO YOU?
   the same government I helped, then—
 I was of no further use, then—
I was a threat then—
       so when they come to you
       with money, for research and a lab
       with anthems
       with arguments, about the lesser of two evils
       with threats
          please-
       say to them
       it cannot be done.
```

•

Daedalus was a great inventor, asked by King Minos to build a labyrinth in which the Minotaur would live—and in which seven young men and seven young women from Athens would be left to die each year, unable to find their way out. One year Daedalus helped the youths escape; for this he was punished by the King, who left him and his son in the labyrinth of his own making. They escaped, using wings Daedalus created, but Icarus (his son) flew too near the sun, the wax of the wings melted, and he fell to his death.

The reference to the Japanese is a reference to Hiroshima: it is estimated that initially 70,000 were killed and 70,000 injured; subsequently (and consequently) another 140,000 have died.

Ismene

the first REAL woman:
we are women, you said, we must obey,
our position depends on it, besides
we have no strength to defy the state
—and so you didn't

then seeing your sister, Antigone, succeed in an act of civil disobedience in an act of justice, honour, strength, love—you regretted and tried to retract to change your position to come forward with her—but it was too late

and you were never mentioned again.

When her sister, Antigone, sought her assistance to bury their brother (an act forbidden by law because he had fought against the city), Ismene refused. So Antigone did it herself, risking a death sentence.

When Antigone was caught, Ismene regretted her earlier refusal and tried to stand with her sister. But Antigone declared that she alone was responsible; she was led to a heroic death and Ismene disappeared from further mythological accounts.

Poseidon

yes, I lost the election, no, I did *not* flood the land the sea was a bit turbulent for a while, but that's all—I was angry! to lose because of incompetence is one thing but to lose just because I'm a man—well that's so stupid! who wouldn't be angry?

•

In an election for ruler of Athens, all of the women voted for Athena and all of the men for Poseidon, but since there was one more woman than there were men, Athena won. Poseidon then flooded the land and the men took the vote away from the women.

Athena and Orestes

In the Supreme Court today a precedent was set that will change the world.

The unusual case of Orestes was presented and recorded by the court as the first in which the accused suffered from guilt and sought purification.

Judge Athena, presiding, responded to the particulars of the case by instituting a new law of mercy and forgiveness.

As a result the Office of the Furies, until now merciless avengers zealous for justice, fair and square, became the Office of the Eumenides, benign powers capable of compassion.

Orestes avenged his father's death (Agamemnon) by killing his murderer (Clytemnestra, Orestes' mother), then spent years in guilt and suffering seeking atonement and absolution. Eventually he came before Athena for judgement. Contrary to custom, which demanded justice by his death, she decided he was to be forgiven. She persuaded the Furies (who were pursuing him to enact this justice), and they became instead the Eumenides (The Kindly Ones).

Circe

typical: the woman is blamed for the man's behaviour as if he has no control over himself.

> maybe it all stems from his dick: one thing beyond his control, and unhappily for him (and stupidly, I might add) the one thing he has vested his entire manhood in;

so no wonder he develops this complex: he compensates with this ridiculously no, dangerously distorted need to control and becomes, as an entire sex, dominating and domineering always seeking, taking, seizing control—while at the same time denying control and charging the woman (who tempted, who provoked) with full responsibility for what happens

they say you turned them all into swine: but we know better when a group of men comes upon a woman alone, we know what they act like.

> Circe lived alone on an island, and turned every man who approached her into a beast; notorious was the band of men sent by Odysseus—they were turned into pigs.

The Muses

We are the nine forgotten muses:
Selemon, muse of sculpture and ceramic,
Amacles, muse of songs of love,
Dextrete, muse of gymnastic and artful athletic,
Prytes, muse of painting,
Caleus, muse of numbers and their meaning,
Florus, muse of botany and all of nature's beauty,
Arachles, muse of tapestry and weaving,
Ataeus, muse of physic,
and Hestor, muse of alchemy
that most magic art and science.

We too can delight and inspire like the Nine who are the gods' gift to men we are their gift to women.

•

The Nine Muses (daughters of Zeus and Mnemosyne) have been popularized as sources of inspiration to artists. Thalia is the muse of comedy, Melpomene of tragedy, Clio of history, Urania of astronomy, Terpsichore of dance, Calliope of epic poetry, Erato of love poetry, Polyhymnia of songs to the gods, and Euterpe of lyric poetry.

Omphale

you were my slave and my stud and when I didn't want you I didn't want you around. you were stupid, insensitive, boring, immature so I kept sending you away you thought it great fun to get blood and shit all over your hands each joe job an adventure, a challenge, and since someone had to do it who was I to tell you different—

to tell you that what you did was no more Herculean than working on an assembly line in a slaughter-house plant, or trudging with toilet brush and scrub rag after carefree vacationers in a 26-storey five-star hotel—jobs also done by no-names who are also being fucked by their employers.

Omphale was the queen of Lydia—she chose Hercules as her slave and sex object. Between sexual sessions, she sent him out on what became known as 'the twelve labours' (which included killing the lion of Nemea, killing the nine-headed Hydra, cleaning out the Augean stables, and picking up the droppings of the Stymphalian birds) (from Elizabeth Gould Davis, The First Sex).

Regarding the reference to 'no-names', 'Hercules' (a version of 'Heracles') is as anonymous as 'Mrs. Bailey': son of Hera, like wife of Bailey.

Hyacinth

it was a legal tackle—
it's not as if football is a dangerous sport,
sure you have your injuries,
but it's not like boxing
where the guys walk around brain-damaged,
or look at hockey,
they have more fights than goals,
I mean even in skiing
a non-contact sport
you fall, you get hurt,
or your knees don't last past thirty

it was a legal tackle— Boomer was running with the ball it was twelve-seven we really needed this game and I knew I could take him we played in college together

it was just a quirk a freak accident that his neck snapped like that it wasn't my fault it wasn't because of how or where

I hit him

Apollo and his best friend, Hyacinth, were engaged in a friendly contest to see who could throw the discus farther. Apollo's throw hit Hyacinth in the forehead and killed him.

Philomel

did ya hear the one about Philomel? this guy raped her then cut out her tongue (he was some vip, see) and then the gods being so very merciful (are ya ready for this) the gods, in their mercy, turned her into a bird.

•

Tereus, a son of Ares, raped Philomel. When she threatened to expose his crime, he cut out her tongue. She eventually told her story to her sister (who was his wife) by weaving a tapestry. They both escaped from his household, but he pursued them, and just as he was about to kill them, Philomel was turned into a swallow, and her sister into a nightingale.

Clytie

I can see you sitting there looking up to your love watching his every move through the sky

> like the girl who waited every day at the corner so to follow him to school I knew his timetable where he sat for lunch and which afterschools he had practice

gradually your life changes from human to plant till you are finally immobilized by your adulation and unrequited love

> if only you'd known he wasn't a god at all but just some bunch of hot air

Eventually she turned into a sunflower.

Clytie was a young woman in love with the Sun god. She would sit outside all day and watch him.

Eurydice

I heard your plea
to the gods of the underworld—
'the bud was plucked
before the flower bloomed'—
What is this shit?
I was a grown woman
had been 'in full bloom' for years!
Then I noticed a phrase here and there—
'all born of a woman'
'the rape of Proserpine'
—so I know why you came back.

what I don't know is why you asked for a year when nine months would've done.

> A few hours after Orpheus and Eurydice were married, she died (while she was walking through a meadow with her bridesmaids, a viper stung her). Heartbroken, Orpheus went to the Underworld to ask

if he could have her back for a year.

The Danaids

there are so many of them
in the kitchen doing the dishes
in the bathroom cleaning the toilet
in the laundryroom washing his clothes
in the livingroom dusting the furniture
in the kitchen preparing his dinner
in the bathroom scouring the tub
in the laundryroom ironing his shirts
in the livingroom vacuuming the rug
in the kitchen doing the dishes
in the bathroom cleaning the toilet
in the laundryroom washing his
who did not want
to marry
to become a wife

•

The Danaids were fifty sisters who were to be married to their fifty cousins. The women opposed the marriages but were forced into them. On their wedding night, each of them (except one) killed her husband, for which they were doomed in Hades to fetch water from a river using sieves—an endless (and impossible) task.

Amphion

perhaps you're right about my beard—it's funny, I guess facial hair well, hair of almost any kind is a measure of masculinity and academics and artists have always felt a little like eunuchs (real men use their bodies)

it's an interesting insight (and surprising from you) but it falls a little short what I wonder is this: do I have a beard to look more like a man or less like a woman?

Amphion was scorned by his brother, Zethus (a man who had great physical prowess), because he dedicated his life to art rather than to athletics.

Galatea

you don't know me by name, though you've heard of my husband, of course—Pygmalion. the myth ends with our marriage. then the real story begins. (no, the real story begins a year later, with our divorce.)

it shouldn't surprise you—
I mean, look at the courtship:
it really didn't involve me:
he spent months romancing his own private image of the perfect woman,
not me.
(that happens a lot.)

then, as you know, he visited Venus, she was impressed with his passion, and made his sculpture (his archetype of the life-sized inflatable doll) come alive: he proposed immediately, and, I accepted. (why, you might wonder. well, it's not uncommon for a disproportionate attachment to develop toward the agent of, no, the first encounter after, one's sexual awakening. in my case, since the awakening included my entire physicality,

however, over the next little while,
I found out what everyone knew:
that he had spent years creating

I think my initial infatuation, and hence, consent

this beautiful statue, that when it was done he started dressing it, talking to it, bringing it gifts. that he caressed it, kissed it—

(I also found out what few people knew: that he had left a hollow space in the right spot, and lined it with moss
—he was fucking it too.)

so let's face it, the man has problems: womb envy delusions of grandeur displaced narcissism misogyny stone fetishism inability to cope with reality

so when he brought home this huge block of marble one day

I left.

•

Pygmalion was a sculptor who detested 'the faults beyond measure which nature had given to women' and therefore resolved never to marry. In spite of, or because of, his attitude, he sculpted a statue of 'the perfect woman'. He grew to love it and began to kiss and caress it, dress it, bring it gifts, and put it to bed at night. Impressed with the strength of his love, Venus made the beautiful statue come alive; he named it Galatea.

Gorgons

it's not *our* glance that turns you to stone but your own—

as soon as you see us
you become cold
insensitive
unable to respond

to ugly women

The Gorgons were three sisters (Medusa was one of them) who were monsters with 'snaky hair, most horrible'; whoever looked at them turned instantly to stone.

Dido

Founder and Ruler of Carthage,
First at the bar, and Chair of the Law Association
President of the Business Alliance
Premier of the Year eight years running
Seventeen times on the cover of *Newsweek*Lifetime member of Rotary and Big Sisters

(too bad what's-his-name came into your life)

•

Dido was the founder and ruler of Carthage. Aeneas got shipwrecked on her land, and they became lovers. Eventually Aeneas left to found his own city. Dido then committed suicide.

Menelaus

to tell you the truth
I don't know if she
went willingly
or was taken—
Helen had a mind of her own
and was rather enraged
she wasn't allowed to use it
to choose her own husband

when I got home she was gone and really it was more for show than anything else that I—
I was expected to try to get her back I was expected to be angry truth is I didn't know if I was jealous or worried

I never intended it to last
nine years
I never intended Troy to fall as it did
all those people, dead
over one woman
one beautiful woman—
(well, really, over one man
—one very stupid man)

but one thing led to another and soon it was too late I mean soon there was too much loss to say this is stupid, let's forget it—which one of us could face the surviving family and say we're quitting, so your husband, or your father, or your son died for nothing—so we had to keep going—because it just got harder and harder to stop

•

Helen, reputed to be the fairest woman in the world, had many suitors from rich and powerful families. Her father (Tyndareus, King of Greece) eventually chose Menelaus to be her husband. While Paris (Prince of Troy) was a guest in their home, Menelaus returned one day to find both him and Helen gone. Thus began the great Trojan War. (Thanks to Gwynne Dyer, author of War, for the idea in the last stanza.)

.....

Psyche

'love cannot live when there is no trust' you flung the accusation at me and then walked out

yet you had been testing me again and again every single night—

—it wasn't me who was faithless.

•

Psyche was so beautiful no man wanted to marry her. Distraught, her father sought advice from the gods, and was told she must be abandoned on a hill and her destined husband would come to her. So, instructions were followed. She was transported from the hill to a beautiful mansion where she amused herself during the day; and every night her husband came, only to disappear by morning. He had told her she must never try to see him, but one night she decided to look—a drop of wax from her candle fell onto his shoulder, he woke, was indignant at her lack of trust, and left.

Hylas

It was a great arrangement—
to be his armour-bearer
to have a legitimate reason
to be close to him
day and night, always, forever
close
to him
strong, powerful, fearless
—all the boys envied you
(well, the few that knew)

But then finally everyone knew. When you went under, Hercules went crazy and as he exhausted himself diving down, then bursting up for air, diving down again, and again, and again, and again, as he passed up the greatest quest ever for the hopeless chance of saving you, as he slowly killed himself rather than be without you, everyone knew.

Hylas was Hercules' young armour-bearer; they were very close. At the beginning of the Argonauts' voyage, Hylas disappeared, drawn under water by a nymph. Hercules dove in, desperately trying to find and rescue him. He refused to give up, and did not return to the ship—which eventually had to sail on without him.

Atalanta

wandering through the mines of myth I choose Atalanta as my next subject.

shall I write a simple hymn of praise for a woman who could outrun, outwrestle,

and outshoot

all of her male contemporaries?

or focus on her probable adventures as one of the famed Argonauts, perhaps her talks with the crones of Lemnos while all the younger ones were off with the rest of the crew repopulating, now that the women's revolution was over and all of their men dead, or her experience as the only woman on an all-male quest, her part in the debate to stop and fight the Amazons or go on because the wind was good.

or shall I write about the race—
she had said she would marry the man
who could run against her and win,
so Hippomenes tossed those golden apples,
and since she paused to gather them,
she lost.

I call my dog to go for a walk taking with me, I grin, an apple.

trundling through the autumn bush I reconsider the race trying to understand her challenge as well as her defeat. and I begin to feel parallels: as a child, I assumed I would marry a man more intelligent and more competent than me, as an adolescent, I had great difficulty finding such a man, and as an adult I realized I didn't want to marry —but didn't have to trump up some ridiculous pledge to appease the status quo; so, her challenge was a red herring and *not* an I-can-only-love-a-man-who's-superior-to-me at all: since no one could outrun her, it was really just a way of saying I don't intend to marrybut then why did she lose? were they really just golden apples or was she choosing thus to have beauty, or wealth, or knowledge, or power—

I take a bite and suddenly it comes to me: given the choice between this absolutely delicious fruit and beating a man who thinks that (only) if he conquers me, will I love him—

(and mine was an ordinary red one.)

•

Atalanta was abandoned at birth on a mountainside and raised by a bear. She took part in the famous Calydonian boar hunt: many of the men resented her presence, and they were positively enraged when she won the prize. She wanted to sail with the Argonauts, but it's not certain that she was indeed part of that quest. She did not want to marry, and as a way of declining the many proposals, she said she would marry only the man who could beat her in a footrace; one suitor started his race with golden apples which he tossed along the way—she stopped to pick them up and thus lost the race.

Penelope

she rises from the reunion table and slowly leaves the hall Odysseus joins in one last toast bids his dearest son goodnight then follows to find her in her chamber weaving But I am back you need never play that charade againthis shroud is not for Laertes it is for my husband, Odysseus But I am alive I am Odysseustwenty years ago my husband feigned madness desperately praying for exemption from the army so loath he was to kill. you have just murdered slaughtered thirty-eight defenceless men. But I this shroud is for my husband the Odysseus I know has died.

twenty years to return from the Trojan War. (He was drafted after a failed attempt to 'plead' insanity—his son was tossed into the path of his plough, he quickly averted, thus proving soundness of mind.) Since his absence was so lengthy, and since she was very beautiful, very rich, and very powerful, Penelope had many suitors. Still deeply in love with Odysseus, she stalled them by saying she would not remarry until she had finished weaving a funeral shroud for her aged father-in-law, Laertes. Every day she would weave and every night she would unravel the day's work. Eventually Odysseus returned. Enraged at the insistent suitors, he prepared a banquet for them,

Penelope was the wife of Odysseus, a man who took

~~~

locked them inside the hall without their weapons,

then one by one he killed them.

#### Macha

this one I'll tell straight:

you were forced to race against a team of horses you were pregnant at the time you won then you died, giving birth

but with that last great exhalation you cast a curse upon the warriors of Ulster: for nine generations whenever they attempted to fight they were incapacitated with childbirth pains.

According to Celtic legend (Ireland), Macha was forced to race against a team of horses despite being pregnant; she won, then died giving birth to twins. At her death, she imposed a curse on the warriors of Ulster that incapacitated them for nine generations: whenever they attempted to fight, they were stricken with childbirth pains.

#### Jason I

so here I am
perfectly happy
studying, hunting, courting,
then one day dad tells me
that he's not my dad at all
that my real father was the King of Greece

Pelias? I ask

no, he's your cousin
he took the crown by force
you're the rightful heir
and now the time has come:
you must go back and reclaim the kingdom
restore the family line

but you're my family

no, you have a duty you must avenge your father's death

what's done is done
I don't want revenge
—and I don't want the kingdom

my son, you will make a great king

maybe I will—but so what—I don't want to be

Jason, it's your responsibility

what, to fulfill my potential?
what about my choice?
(I have other potentials I want to pursue)

A certain King of Greece had his kingdom taken away by his nephew, Pelias. So his son, Jason, was secretly sent to a place for safety, so that when he was grown, he could return and reclaim the kingdom that was rightfully his.

# Penthisilea

not identified by relationship to a male so not identified at all

•

Penthisilea was queen of the Amazons—strong, independent, and seldom mentioned in books about myths.

# **Persephone**

I can't bear another spring another temporary suspension instead of an end—

Mother don't you see it's possible? Don't you know your power? You are Demeter, Goddess of the Earth. the whole Earth, Mother! You control-Did you think it was sympathy for your grief that caused Zeus to send for me that first time? No! It was the threat of world-wide famine! Blackmail! It worked for eight months, it can work forever-But no, you feel that's going too far, asking too much-You were confused by the pomegranate, you thought it a compromise, in our favour, that I was granted even that eight months— Why should we compromise, when it is us who have been wronged! Do you forget? I was kidnapped!

Taken against my will!

let me tell you about the pomegranate: he likes my lips smeared with red it's a turn on but that's not the seed

but that's not the seed he forces me to swallow—

every night
every night l am brought before him
as he sits on his throne
I am forced to my knees
my arms are spread and bound tight
my face in his lap

my mouth— What do you expect in a marriage

that began with rape—

MOTHER—PLEASE—UNDERSTAND—DO SOMETHING—

every year when I am released I pray it will be winter—

Persephone was kidnapped by Hades, who then took her to live with him in the Underworld. Her mother, Demeter (Goddess of the Corn), mourned greatly for her and the earth became barren. Appalled at the possibilities, Zeus sent Hermes to bring Persephone back. Before allowing her to leave, Hades made her eat a pomegranate seed—apparently that would make her return to him. When Demeter found out about the pomegranate, she realized she could not keep her daughter with her. Fearing again the possible consequences, Zeus sent a messenger to make a bargain: Persephone would have to return to the Underworld, but only for four months of every year.

#### **Adonis**

I'm a lover not a hunter: so what the hell am I doing here, in the middle of the fucking forest, gored and bleeding to death— I should've never left her side.

but it serves me right: trying to be two things the great lover and the great hunter

no, it's the same thing really—

I was trying to be a man.

Adonis was very favoured by the Greek women—indeed Persephone and Aphrodite, both insistent in their love for him, shared him. One day while hunting, he wounded a boar—the boar gored him and he bled to death.

#### Ares

Hera, Camilla, the Amazons-I am delighted to see you cross the lines that separate sex and create gender, to see you burst out of the passive and the meek; but I am dismayed to see the blood on your breast after doing so or was it to do sois it simple abuse of new power and freedom? an adolescent over-compensation? a belief that the superior is superior? —or is it an intermediate that *must* be, like the ugly maggot between newborn and airborne, the swing of a pendulum to the other extreme which is necessary, by all laws of motion, before achieving the centeredness of androgyny, bisexuality. so dangling thus between delight and dismay I have suspended my pen, and chosen others.

#### **But Ares**

also crossed some lines—
and this is one story I *must* tell:
when the spear aimed by Athena pierced him
that great god of war
went whining to Zeus,
and standing before him,
took his sucker out of his mouth
long enough to pout
"she hit me"

Ares was the god of war, a ruthless, murderous god. When he was injured during the Trojan War, he went immediately to Zeus to complain of the violence.

# Siren

standing on a streetcorner to make bail for a friend who's in with a john who's not

she screams, piercing the night—don't keep faulting us for your lack of resistance!

The sirens were famous for their singing which was so beautiful that no man could hear it and continue his course; many a man was drawn to their island in

~.~.~

this way, forgetting all else and eventually dying.

#### Acrisius

I realize now what nemesis it was:

like most of the men I knew
I wanted a son
daughters weren't quite good enough
it wasn't quite the same
a man needed a son
to be his rightful heir
to carry on the family name

well I got one—
(in a way—a grandson—)
then lived the rest of my life
in fear
that he would usurp.

This King of Argos had a daughter but no son. Very troubled by this, he travelled to Delphi to ask for a son; he was told he would never father a son, but his daughter would bear a male child who would kill him.

### Iphigenia I

really, your case is no more horrible than the millions of us who are blown up on the way to market or while sitting at the third desk in the fourth row who are raped by a soldier after his invasion of our town or by a can't-be-soldier after the double shift in the munitions factory, who are handed a letter in return for nineteen years of nurturance or in place of an anniversary card—

all of us, like you, we are sacrifices in the name of war; we are the women men kill in order to kill each other.

•

On the way to fight the Trojan War, Agamemnon and his ship ran into some strong opposing winds. He was told by a soothsayer that if he offered up his daughter, Iphigenia, the winds would cease. So he sent for her, with the lie that he had arranged a marriage for her with one of his greatest chieftains. She arrived and was carried to the altar not to be married but to be killed.

# **Thetis**

I remember the sixties all those long-haired draft dodgers all those sons of Thetis knowing (however unconsciously) that a way to avoid killing a way to stop making war is to become women (however incompletely)

Thetis, mother of Achilles, didn't want her son to be drafted, so she dressed him like a woman and sent him to the court of Lycomedes where he would mix with the maidens.

### **Chryseis and Briseis**

it would seem
that nothing is more important to a man
than a woman:
they go to war
because of one
and once there
they fight and kill
to get one:
Agamemnon got Chryseis,
then sulked when the gods said
he had to give her back,
and stole Briseis,
the one Achilles had gotten,
to have instead.

so this is my poem for you, Chryseis, and you, Briseis sitting in their tents trying to understand how you can be both prisoner and prize, how you can be sought like gold but treated like shit.

suddenly it comes to you: it's not womanhood that's being glorified but manhood and proof of the latter is having one of the former

the problem understood the solution is clear: establish another proof of manhood. no, it's really not so much a matter of proof as a matter of definition—

in either case, it's out of your hands, as long as they're tied.

•

Agamemnon and Achilles were both members of the Greek army that fought the Trojan War (a war begun over a woman, Helen). A quarrel began about Chryseis, who had been carried off by the Greeks and given to Agamemnon. Chryseis' father begged for her release but Agamemnon refused. Because this angered the gods (Chryseis' father was a priest of Apollo), the army chiefs, led by Achilles, persuaded Agamemnon to change his mind. He did so, saying 'But if I lose her who was my prize of honour, I will have another in her stead'. He then sent two of his men to Achilles' tent to get his prize, a woman named Briseis. Achilles allowed them to take her, but swore he would have revenge.

#### Jason II

so I'm flipping through the applications Hercules, Castor, Pollux, Orpheus, Peleus, Hylas, Atalanta. —Atalanta

well that must've taken some nerve everyone knew, this was understood, for men only well, we need nerve—

I scan her resume:
Prizewinner of the Calydonian Boar Hunt,
awards for shooting,
and running,
and wrestling;
clearly equal to many of the men here
and they had a headstart
so that makes her superior—

she's in.

When Jason came to reclaim the kingdom that was 'rightfully' his (it had been taken away by his father's nephew, Pelias), Pelias agreed to give it back only after Jason found and brought back the Golden Fleece, a task he believed no one could attempt and stay alive. Jason accepted the conditions, and got a magnificent crew together for the quest. Since they sailed on the ship Argo, they became known as the Argonauts. Atalanta requested permission to join the crew.

# Chiron

what? you don't know my name? how can that have happened? yes, of course I was there with all the other heroes in that glorious Hall of Fame, I was at the end running the daycare center.

Many gods and kings took their children to Chiron for safe and good upbringing.

#### **Artemis**

I know what this chase is all about because there are two of you (though there could be more) and that is enough: one to do and one to watch—that's the real reason for teams the motive behind male bonding—it doesn't matter if you score when you're all alone, and it's not really worth it if she's the only one who knows, it only counts if the guys are witness

I know what this chase is all about because only uncertainties need to be tested need to be proved and you've always been unsure about your masculinity and your power

the fact of the matter is this chase is all about two men pursuing me with intent to rape

so when you split to increase your chances of success, I will lead you to a clearing, and standing in the middle, in between, I will wait, till each of you hurls his spear toward me, then, a quick duck, and your javelins will kill each other

(how else can I make you understand that when you so seek to injure me you also do injury to yourselves)

Otus and Ephialtes, brothers and sons of Poseidon, decided one day that each should seize the woman he loved. So the two of them began to track down Artemis, who was Ephialtes' choice. Eventually they found her on the shore, and followed her across the

sea, into a forest. She turned into a deer, and they decided to pursue it 'instead'; they split up to continue their chase, soon 'circling' her in a clearing. When they had both let loose their javelins, she leapt out of the way, and they ended up killing each other.

# **Bellerophon**

it's frightening
I mean, it's just her word against mine—
and quite apart from the problem of simply lying
for revenge or reputation,
there can be real misunderstanding—

I mean it's not like we sit there and I say do you want to have sex with me and she says yes or no— of course not—it's all body language and you know how unclear that can be—

and a lot of women do mean yes when they say no because they can't say yes it's like they've been taught, told to say no—if a woman wants sex, let alone admits it, says it out loud to a man, well she's a slut, a whore—

so you can't even talk about consenting adults as long as one of them isn't really allowed to consent—

well *both* of them actually— I mean, if she says yes, she's a whore but if I say no, I'm gay—

so the way it's set up,
I'm supposed to say yes
and she's supposed to say no
—and that's rape.

and that's frightening.

Bellerophon was unjustly accused of rape by Anetia, whose husband, Proteus, sent him on a journey sure to end in his death.

#### Iphigenia II

it was your job to get them ready for the execution

extract a signed confession as to their national origin or persuasion (in whatever way necessary) take them incommunicado from the interrogation room to the holding cell and make sure no food or drink was given then when there were enough to make it worthwhile lead them to the death yard and tie them to the posts

but one day you questioned your orders

and decided not to

refuel the gas chambers push the red button

you broke the chain disturbed the diffusion of responsibility that makes ugly deeds possible

and discovered your brother alive and in your arms

•

Another version of this myth (see "Iphigenia—I" above) tells that at the last moment, Artemis substituted a deer and Iphigenia was carried off to Taurus, a country whose people sacrificed Greeks to the goddess. There she was made priestess of the temple and her duties were to consecrate and deliver any Greek found in Taurus to those who would conduct the sacrifice. It was a task she did not enjoy, and she wondered whether a goddess would command such sacrificial murder. One day she talked to two victims-to-be, planned their escape, and discovered that one was her brother, Orestes; all three of them managed to leave the country safely.

#### **Prometheus**

shivering in our black cave, one hand holding the infant who can no longer cling, the other gripping a spear or a stone just in case—

you saw us

then you came, and you gave— 'from one woman to another' you smiled

when I see you now crucified to that rock I think 'of course': who but a woman is cursed with "forever shall the intolerable present grind you down" who but a woman endures while others pick, tear, and suck at her flesh

and I think back right from Katya Komisaruk and Margaret Sanger all the way back to you who but a woman is the great rebel against injustice and the authority of power

still shivering, a bit,
I call out to you—
be strengthened with the knowledge
that your flesh has sustained me.

Prometheus (which means 'forethought'), son of Zeus, stole fire from the gods to give to mankind [sic]. As a punishment, Zeus chained Prometheus to a rock, and every day an eagle came to eat out his liver.

### **Sisyphus**

I want to tell you, Sisyphus that I know of your deed as well as your doom,

that your suspicion was correct Aegina was raped,

that what you did stepping forward as a witness was only right but in the given context to be a man against men against women becomes (a bit) heroic.

and I want to tell you that if enough of us men and women alike join with you, our hands will wear away the rock and end forever this relentless cycle.

One day Sisyphus saw Zeus carry off a young woman. Shortly after, Asopus came to tell Sisyphus that his daughter, Aegina, had been kidnapped. Sisyphus told Asopus what he had seen. This of course angered Zeus, who punished Sisyphus by sending him to Hades, where he had to roll an enormous rock up a steep hill—as soon as he reached the top, the rock rolled back down and he had to start all over.